

Recombinant Human Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic Protein

Cat.NO.: TP05913

3th Edition

Synonyms: Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic; IDH; Cytosolic NADP-Isocitrate Dehydrogenase; IDP; NADP(+)-Specific ICDH; Oxalosuccinate Decarboxylase; IDH1; PICD

Description: Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic (IDH1) belongs to the isocitrate and isopropylmalate dehydrogenases family. IDH1 exists as a homodimer, binding one magnesium or manganese ion per subunit. Mutations of IDH1 have been shown to cause metaphyseal chondromatosis with aciduria and are involved in the development of glioma. IDH plays a role in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the α -hydroxylation of phytanic acid.

Form: PBS

Molecular Weight: 47.7 kDa

Sequences: Met 1-Leu414

Purity: > 95% by HPLC

Concentration:

Endotoxin Level: <1.0 EU per 1 μ g of protein (determined by LAL method)

Storage: Can be stored at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or -70°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.