

Instruction manual FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

Anti-Human/Mouse GAD1/2 Polyclonal Antibody

Polyclonal Antibody

Cat.NO.: PA04115

3th Edition

Description: This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantibody and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two products, the predominant 67-kD form and a less-frequent 25-kD form. An important paralog of this gene is GAD2. GAD2 (Glutamate Decarboxylase 2) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with GAD2 include Stiff-Person Syndrome and Autoimmune Polyendocrine Syndrome, Type Ii. GO annotations related to this gene include protein heterodimerization activity and carboxy-lyase activity.

Antigen: Synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human GAD-65/67

Form:

How to use:1.0 ml distilled water will be added to the product

Stability: Lyophilized product, 5 years at 2 – 8°C; Solution, 2 years at –20°C

Dilution: PBS (pH7.4) containing 1% BSA

Application: This antibody can be used for western blotting in concentration of 1?5?g/ml.

Specificity:

1/1