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Recombinant Human CD32a / FCGR2A Protein (167 Arg, Fc tag)

产品货号: TP07664

第三版

别名:CD32;CD32A;CDw32;Fc gamma RIIA;FCG2;FcGR;FCGR2;FCGR2A1;IGFR2

描述:Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fc γ R) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses. Human Fc γ Rs are divided into three classes designated Fc γ RI (CD64), Fc γ RII (CD32), and Fc γ RIII (CD16), which generate multiple isoforms, are recognized. The activating- type receptor either has or associates non-covalently with an accessory subunit that has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. Fc γ RI binds IgG with high affinity and functions during early immune responses, whereas Fc γ RII and RIII are low affinity receptors that recognize IgG as aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens during late immune responses. Three genes for human Fc γ RII (A, B, and C) and one for mouse (Fc γ RIIB), encoding type I transmembrane proteins with ITAM motifs (Fc γ RII A and C) or ITIM motifs (Fc γ RIIB) in their cytoplasmic domains, have been identified. Human CD32, also known as Low affinity immunoglobulin Fc region receptor II-a (IgG Fc receptor II-a), Fc γ RII A or FCGR2A Protein, is expressed on cells of both myeloid and lymphoid lineages as well as on cells of non-hematopoietic origin. Associated with an ITAM-bearing adapter subunit, FcR β , CD32a (Fc γ RII A) delivers an activating signal upon ligand binding, and results in the initiation of inflammatory responses including cytolysis, phagocytosis, degranulation, and cytokine production. The responses can be modulated by signals from the co-expressed inhibitory receptors such as Fc γ RII B, and the strength of the signal is dependent on the ratio of expression of the activating and inhibitory receptors.

配方:PBS

分子量:47.3 kDa

序列:Met 1-Ile 218

纯度:> 95% by HPLC

浓度:

内毒素:<1.0 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

存储: +4 °C 保存 (1-2 周). 长期保存在 -20 °C 或者 -70 °C. 避免反复冻融.