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Recombinant Mouse GLO1 / Glyoxalase 1 Protein (His tag)

产品货号: TP06696

第三版

别名:0610009E22Rik;1110008E19Rik;2510049H23Rik;AW550643;Glo-1;Glo-1r;Glo-1s;Glo1-r;Glo1-s;GLY1;Qglo

描述:Lactoylglutathione lyase, also known as Methylglyoxalase, Aldoketomutase, Glyoxalase I, Ketone-aldehyde mutase, S-Dlactoylglutathione methylglyoxal lyase and GLO1, is a member of the glyoxalase I family, GLO1 / Glyoxalase I is a ubiquitous cellular defense enzyme involved in the detoxification of methylglyoxal, a cytotoxic byproduct of glycolysis. Accumulative evidence suggests an important role of GLO1 expression in protection against methylglyoxal-dependent protein adduction and cellular damage associated with diabetes, cancer, and chronological aging. GLO1 / Glyoxalase I has been implicated in anxiety-like behavior in mice and in multiple psychiatric diseases in humans. GLO1 / Glyoxalase I catalyzes the conversion of hemimercaptal, formed from methylglyoxal and glutathione, to S-lactoylglutathione. GLO1 / Glyoxalase I exists in three separable isoforms which originate from two alleles in the genome. These correspond to two homodimers and one heterodimer composed of two subunits showing different electrophoretic properties. GLO1 upregulation may play a functional role in glycolytic adaptations of cancer cells.

配方:PBS

分子量:21.6 kDa

序列:Ala 2-IIe 184

纯度:> 95% by HPLC

浓度:

内毒素:<1.0 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

存储: +4°C 保存 (1-2周). 长期保存在-20°C或者-70°C. 避免反复冻融.

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