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Anti-Human IL15 Polyclonal Antibody

多克隆抗体

产品货号: PA04994

第三版

**描述:**IL15 (Interleukin 15) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with IL15 include Rheumatoid Arthritis and Celiac Disease. Among its related pathways are PEDF Induced Signaling and IL-15 Signaling Pathways and their Primary Biological Effects in Different Immune Cell Types. GO annotations related to this gene include cytokine activity and cytokine receptor binding. The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine that regulates T and natural killer cell activation and proliferation. This cytokine and interleukine 2 share many biological activities. They are found to bind common hematopoietin receptor subunits, and may compete for the same receptor, and thus negatively regulate each other's activity. The number of CD8+ memory cells is shown to be controlled by a balance between this cytokine and IL2. This cytokine induces the activation of JAK kinases, as well as the phosphorylation and activation of transcription activators STAT3, STAT5, and STAT6. Studies of the mouse counterpart suggested that this cytokine may increase the expression of apoptosis inhibitor BCL2L1/BCL-x(L), possibly through the transcription activation activity of STAT6, and thus prevent apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been reported.

**抗原:**Synthetic peptide from human protein

**配方:**

**如何使用:**加1ml超纯水重溶

**稳定性:** -20 ° C保存条件下，冻干粉,保质期为五年；液体，保质期为两年。

**稀释液:**PBS (pH7.4) ， 1% BSA

**应用:**WB 1 ~ 5  $\mu$ g/ml.

**特异性:**Most abundant in placenta and skeletal muscle. It is also detected in the heart, lung, liver and kidney. IL15-S21AA is preferentially expressed in tissues such as testis and thymus.